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	L6	L5 not 14	9
	L5	L2 and adiabatic	14
	L4	L3 and adiabatic	5
	L3	L2 and fixed bed	10
	L2	L1 and heat exchang\$3 with coolant	62
	L1	(synthesis gas or hydrogen near2 carbon oxides) same methanol	3906

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

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         JAN 17
NEWS
         FEB 21
                 STN AnaVist, Version 1.1, lets you share your STN AnaVist
                 visualization results
        FEB 22
                 The IPC thesaurus added to additional patent databases on STN
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        FEB 22
NEWS
                 Updates in EPFULL; IPC 8 enhancements added
      6
NEWS
      7
        FEB 27
                 New STN AnaVist pricing effective March 1, 2006
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      8
        MAR 03
                 Updates in PATDPA; addition of IPC 8 data without attributes
NEWS 9
        MAR 22
                 EMBASE is now updated on a daily basis
NEWS 10
        APR 03
                 New IPC 8 fields and IPC thesaurus added to PATDPAFULL
NEWS 11
        APR 03
                 Bibliographic data updates resume; new IPC 8 fields and IPC
                 thesaurus added in PCTFULL
         APR 04
NEWS 12
                 STN AnaVist $500 visualization usage credit offered
NEWS 13
         APR 12
                 LINSPEC, learning database for INSPEC, reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 14
        APR 12
                 Improved structure highlighting in FQHIT and QHIT display
                 in MARPAT
NEWS 15
        APR 12
                 Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced during
                 second quarter; strategies may be affected
NEWS 16
        MAY 10
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with 1900-1906 U.S. patent records
NEWS 17
        MAY 11
                 KOREAPAT updates resume
NEWS 18
        MAY 19
                Derwent World Patents Index to be reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 19
        MAY 30
                 IPC 8 Rolled-up Core codes added to CA/CAplus and
                 USPATFULL/USPAT2
NEWS 20
        MAY 30
                 The F-Term thesaurus is now available in CA/CAplus
NEWS 21
        JUN 02
                 The first reclassification of IPC codes now complete in
                 INPADOC
```

NEWS EXPRESS JUNE 16 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01b, CURRENT MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP), AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 23 MAY 2006.

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NEWS X25	X.25 communication option no longer available after June 2006

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LAST RELOADED: Jun 16, 2006 (20060616/UP).

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FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.06 0.27

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3 SYNTHESISES

66980 SYNTHESES

1 SYNTHESESES

1287990 SYNTHESIS

(SYNTHESIS OR SYNTHESISES OR SYNTHESESES)

1503945 GAS

508881 GASES

1685088 GAS

(GAS OR GASES)

16624 SYNTHESIS GAS

(SYNTHESIS (W) GAS)

3979 SYNGAS

14 SYNGASES

```
(SYNGAS OR SYNGASES)
        927455 HYDROGEN
          5776 HYDROGENS
        930689 HYDROGEN
                  (HYDROGEN OR HYDROGENS)
       1197876 CARBON
         26137 CARBONS
       1207234 CARBON
                  (CARBON OR CARBONS)
       1755903 OXIDE?
          9403 CARBON OXIDE?
                  (CARBON (W) OXIDE?)
        193694 METHANOL
           691 METHANOLS
        194059 METHANOL
                  (METHANOL OR METHANOLS)
L1
          2543 (SYNTHESIS GAS OR SYNGAS OR HYDROGEN (2A) CARBON OXIDE?) (P)
               METHANOL
=> s l1 and heat exchang?
       1280399 HEAT
         55241 HEATS
       1295144 HEAT
                  (HEAT OR HEATS)
        683115 EXCHANG?
         67434 HEAT EXCHANG?
                 (HEAT (W) EXCHANG?)
           103 L1 AND HEAT EXCHANG?
L2
=> s 12 and fixed bed
        228818 FIXED
             1 FIXEDS
        228819 FIXED
                 (FIXED OR FIXEDS)
        164690 BED
        65860 BEDS
        188534 BED
                 (BED OR BEDS)
         19967 FIXED BED
                 (FIXED(W)BED)
L3
             3 L2 AND FIXED BED
=> s 12 and coolant
         35231 COOLANT
         13991 COOLANTS
         40735 COOLANT
                 (COOLANT OR COOLANTS)
L4
             3 L2 AND COOLANT
=> s 13 or 14
             5 L3 OR L4
=> d 15 ibib ab 1-5
     ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
                         2005:558822 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
                         143:155677
TITLE:
                         Method for catalytic synthesis of dimethyl ether in
                         combined bed reactor
INVENTOR (S):
                         Ying, Weiyong; Fang, Dingye; Zhang, Haitao; Liu,
                         Dianhua; Cao, Fahai
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
                         East China University of Science and Technology, Peop.
                         Rep. China
```

3984 SYNGAS

一大学 一大大学

1

Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 9 pp. SOURCE:

CODEN: CNXXEV

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

Chinese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

APPLICATION NO. KIND PATENT NO. DATE DATE ----------CN 2002-136724 CN 1413974 Α 20030430 20020829 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: CN 2002-136724 20020829

Di-Me ether is synthesized by reaction of syngas in (medical)

liquid paraffin in the presence of catalyst in a three-phase slurry-bed/ fixed-bed combined reactor at 220-280° and

3.0-7.0 MPa. The syngas is prepared from natural gas or coal.

The catalyst is composed of Cu series methanol synthesis

catalyst and modified mol. sieve (ratio 0.4-2.0:1). The combined reactor consists of a reactor body that is divided into a three-phase slurry bed section and a fixed bed section, a heat

exchanger, a gas distributing unit, a gas pocket, and a separator between reactor sections.

ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L_5

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:633898 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:158961

TITLE:

Hydrogenation process for methanol

manufacture from synthesis gas

INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fitzpatrick, Terence James Johnson Matthey Plc, UK

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 21 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004065341	A1 20040805	WO 2004-GB75	20040112
		BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY	
		DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES	
		IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP	
LK, LR, LS,	LT, LU, LV, MA,	MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX	, MZ
AU 2004205368	A1 20040805		20040112
CN 1741978	A 20060301	CN 2004-80002577	20040112
US 2006074133	A1 20060406	US 2005-542819	20050720
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		GB 2003-1323	A 20030121
		WO 2004-GB75	W 20040112

AR Methanol is synthesized from pre-heated methanol synthesis gas in one or more adiabatic synthesis stages with cooling of the resultant gas after each stage. Further methanol synthesis is then effected on the resultant, partially reacted synthesis gas in a bed of synthesis catalyst cooled by means of a coolant flowing concurrently through tubes disposed in the catalyst bed. After cooling, methanol is separated from the unreacted gas. Part of the unreacted gas is combined with make-up gas and used as the coolant fed to the aforesaid tubes, thus producing the pre-heated synthesis gas to be fed

to the adiabatic synthesis stages. A process flow diagram is presented. REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

 L_5 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:8371 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

138:340592

TITLE:

Synthesis Gas Production in a Forced Unsteady-State

Reactor Network

AUTHOR (S):

Fissore, Davide; Barresi, Antonello A.; Baldi,

Giancarlo

CORPORATE SOURCE:

Dipartimento di Scienza dei Materiali ed Ingegneria Chimica, Politecnico di Torino, Turin, 10129, Italy

SOURCE:

Industrial & Engineering Chemistry Research (2003),

42(12), 2489-2495

CODEN: IECRED; ISSN: 0888-5885

American Chemical Society PUBLISHER:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Journal

LANGUAGE:

English The feasibility of producing synthesis gas by the

combination of partial oxidation and steam reforming of natural gas on a Pt-based catalyst in forced unsteady-state catalytic reactors was considered by numerical simulations. A network of three reactors with periodical change of the feed position was investigated as an alternative to the well-investigated reverse-flow reactor: these modes of reactor operation may lead to lower syngas manufacturing costs than the conventional unidirectional fixed-bed reactor because

external heat exchangers are no longer required. A

cyclic steady-state condition and autothermal behavior can be obtained by feeding low-temperature reactants. The influence of the main operating parameters (inlet temperature, switching time, inlet flow rate, and composition) on

the performance of the device was investigated, proving that the network can be competitive with traditional technologies, allowing for higher reactant conversion and product selectivity. The possibility of tailoring the H2/CO ratio to the value required for the production of methanol or Fischer-Tropsch synthesis was addressed.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS 22 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5

ACCESSION NUMBER:

1999:753188 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

131:338608

TITLE:

Methanol manufacture from synthesis

gas made by steam reforming of hydrocarbons

using indirect heat exchange

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Fitzpatrick, Terence James Imperial Chemical Industries PLC, UK

SOURCE:

PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

INVENTOR(S):

Patent

LANGUAGE:

English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

PA'	TENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO	9959945	A1 19991125	WO 1999-GB1335	19990429
	W: AU, BR, CA	, GE, ID, JP, KR,	MX, NO, UA, US, UZ, ZA,	AM, AZ, BY,
	KG, KZ, MD	, RU, TJ, TM		
	RW: AT, BE, CH	, CY, DE, DK, ES,	FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,	LU, MC, NL,
	PT, SE			
CA	2330298	AA 19991125	CA 1999-2330298	19990429
ΑU	9937207	A1 19991206	AU 1999-37207	19990429
ΑU	740997	B2 20011122		
EP	1080059	A1 20010307	EP 1999-919408	19990429
EΡ	1080059	B1 20040218		
	R: DE, GB, NL			
JP	2002515468	T2 20020528	JP 2000-549565	19990429
US	6387963	B1 20020514	US 2000-714486	20001117

```
US 6433029
                         B1
                              20020813
                                          US 2000-714218
                                                                 20001117
                                          GB 1998-10700
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:
                                                             A 19980520
                                                             A 19980528
                                          GB 1998-11355
                                          GB 1999-4649
                                                             Α
                                                                19990302
                                          WO 1999-GB1335
                                                             W 19990429
                                          WO 1999-GB1344
                                                             A1 19990429
```

AB Methanol is manufactured in high yield and selectivity in a synthesis loop having at least two synthesis stages where methanol is prepared from recycled, unreacted gas, optionally together with part of the synthesis gas, in one or more synthesis stages to give a stream of reacted gas, synthesis gas is then added and prior to separation of the methanol, a further amount of methanol is synthesized from the resultant mixture in one or more further synthesis stages, with at least the final synthesis stage of the loop being effected via indirect heat exchange with pressurized water as the coolant. Preferably the pressurized hot water from the final synthesis stage of the loop is employed to saturate a hydrocarbon feedstock (e.g., natural gas) from which the synthesis gas is produced by steam reforming. Process flow diagrams are presented.

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:635591 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:235591

TITLE: Process and catalyst for the manufacture of

methanol from synthesis gas

INVENTOR(S): Sie, Swan Tiong; Van Dijk, Arjan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Shell Internationale Research Maatschappij B. V.,

Neth.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 5 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.		DATE
						-	
EP :	322989		A2	19890705	EP 1988-203039		19881229
EP :	322989		A3	19900207			
	R: BE	DE, ES	S, FR, G	B, IT, NL			
JP (01233241	L	A2	19890919	JP 1988-329577		19881228
ZA	8809668		A	19891129	ZA 1988-9668		19881228
AU 8	8827563		A1	19890706	AU 1988-27563		19881229
AU	605655		B2	19910117			
IORITY	APPLN.	INFO.:			GB 1987-30280	Α	19871230

PRI MeOH is prepared by the hydrogenation of CO in the presence of a catalyst AB system prepared by combining a Ni salt with an alkali metal alcoholate or an alkaline earth metal alcoholate. An inert liquid coolant, immiscible with MeOH, at 0-70°, is injected into the reaction liquid phase and serves as a coolant. The coolant (e.g., n-pentane) does not deactivate the catalyst and overcomes the problems of large indirect heat exchange surface area requirements by being part of the reaction mixture The coolant is removed with the MeOH product by vaporization and recovered from the MeOH by phase separation In this manner, synthesis gas (H/CO volume ratio 2) was converted into MeOH at 120°/15 bar in the presence of a Ni formate-NaH-tert-pentyl alc.-digylme catalyst system and n-pentane (coolant liquid hourly space velocity 1000 kg/m3-h), producing a 2-phase product (the upper phase comprising 98% n-pentane and 2% MeOH; the lower phase comprising MeOH 85, n-pentane 5, and H2O 10%) the phases separated, the MeOH removed from the lower phase by distillation, and the

n-pentane